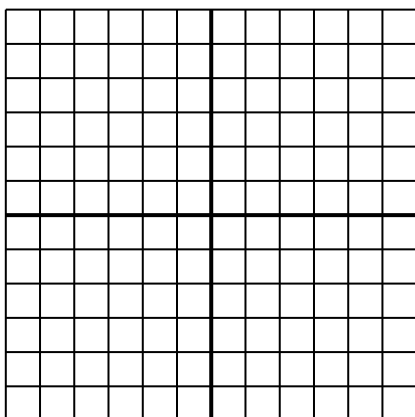


**Part 1:** Graph the pre-image and image on the graph below AND label the vertices. Then, write a description of the transformation given by the coordinates below. Finally, write an algebraic rule for the transformation. (Hint: for help with the Algebraic Rules, look at earlier notes pages.)

- The coordinates of  $\triangle ABC$  are  
 $A(2, 1), B(3, 5), C(0, 4)$ .
1. The coordinates of  $\triangle A'B'C'$  are  
 $A'(2, -1), B'(3, -5), C'(0, -4)$ .

Description: \_\_\_\_\_

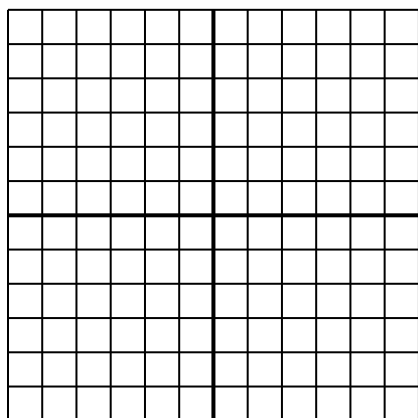
Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



- The coordinates of  $\triangle ABC$  are  
 $A(-3, -2), B(-2, 3), C(1, 3)$ .
3. The coordinates of  $\triangle A'B'C'$  are  
 $A'(-6, -4), B'(-4, 6), C'(2, 6)$ .

Description: \_\_\_\_\_

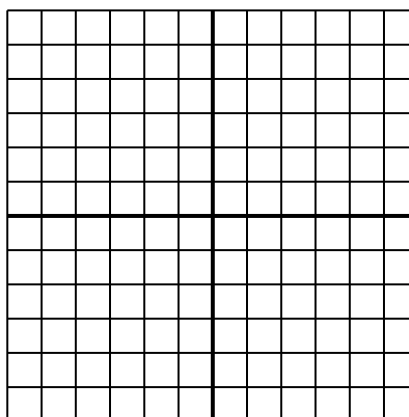
Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



- The coordinates of  $\triangle ABC$  are  
 $A(-2, 3), B(4, 0), C(-1, -4)$ .
2. The coordinates of  $\triangle A'B'C'$  are  
 $A'(0, 0), B'(6, -3), C'(1, -7)$ .

Description: \_\_\_\_\_

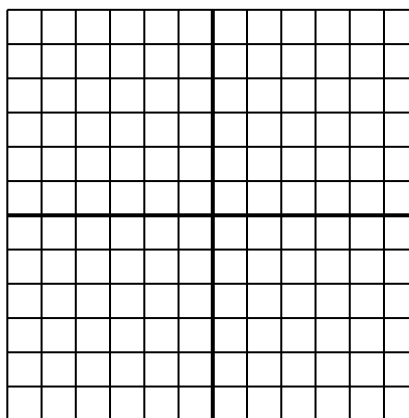
Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



- The coordinates of  $\triangle ABC$  are  
 $A(-3, 1), B(-2, -1), C(2, 2)$ .
4. The coordinates of  $\triangle A'B'C'$  are  
 $A'(3, 1), B'(2, -1), C'(-2, 2)$ .

Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



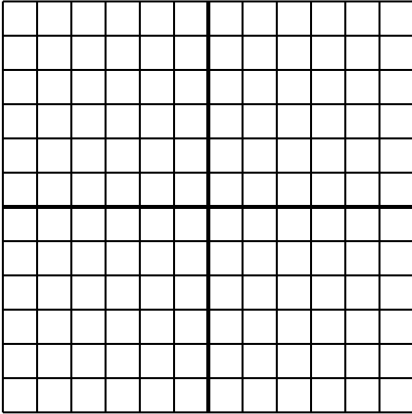
The coordinates of  $\triangle ABC$  are

A(-1, 1), B(0, 3), C(-3, 1).

5. The coordinates of  $\triangle A'B'C'$  are  
A'(1, 1), B'(3, 0), C'(1, 3).

Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



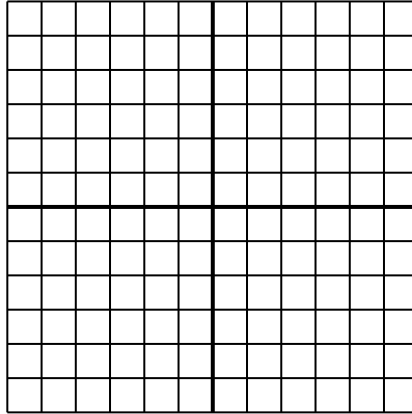
The coordinates of  $\triangle ABC$  are

A(-3, 0), B(-2, 3), C(1, -3).

6. The coordinates of  $\triangle A'B'C'$  are  
A'(6, 0), B'(4, -6), C'(-2, 6).

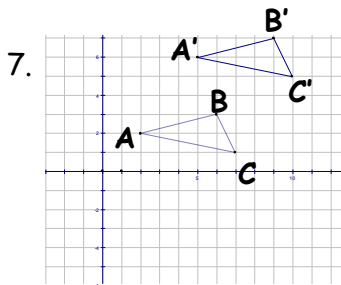
Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



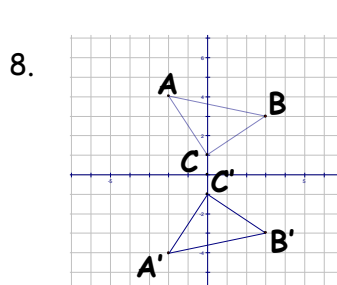
**Part 2: Describe the transformations on the graph verbally and by writing an algebraic rule.**

**Hint: The triangle with dotted lines is the preimage.**



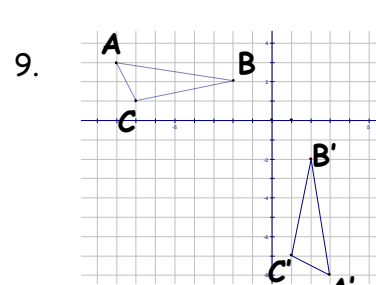
Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



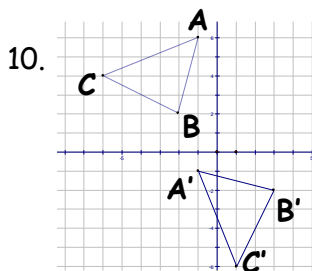
Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



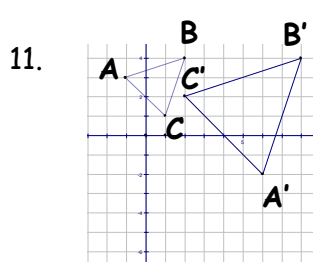
Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



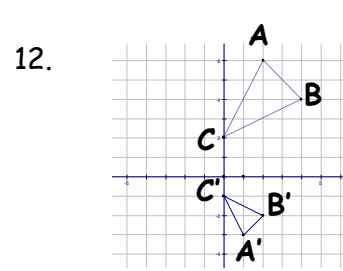
Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_



Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

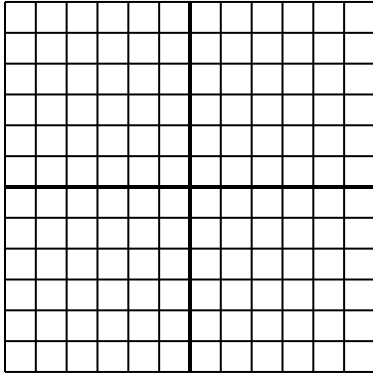


Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

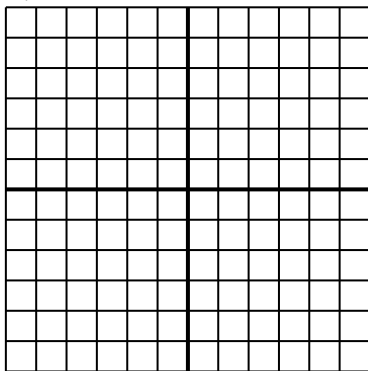
**Part 3:** Given the description, write an algebraic rule to represent the transformation. Then graph the pre-image and image on the graph below. Use  $\triangle ABC$  with  $A(2, -2)$ ,  $B(3, 1)$ , and  $C(1, 2)$ .

- 13)  $\triangle ABC$  is dilated by 2 about the origin



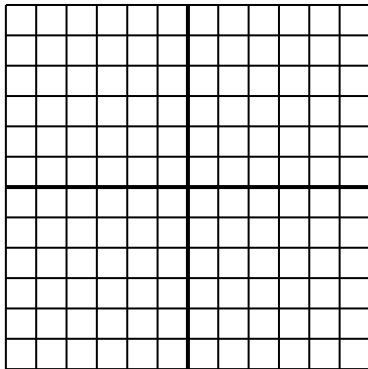
Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

- 15)  $\triangle ABC$  is rotated  $180^\circ$  then dilated by a factor of 2 about the origin



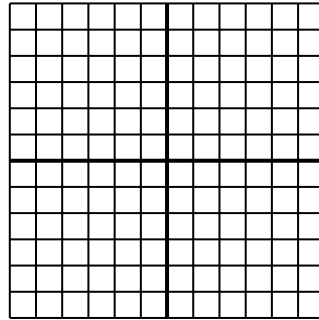
Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

- 17)  $\triangle ABC$  is reflected over  $y = -x$  and moved up 2



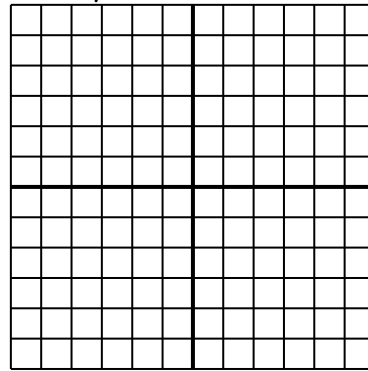
Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

- 14)  $\triangle ABC$  is moved up 4 and 2 to the right



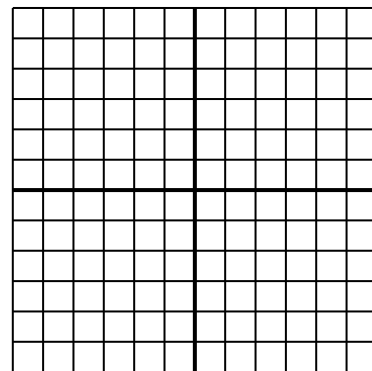
Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

- 16)  $\triangle ABC$  is reflected over the y-axis then dilated by a factor of 2 about the origin.



Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_

- 18)  $\triangle ABC$  is reflected over the x-axis, then dilated by  $\frac{1}{2}$  (about the origin), then moved down 2 and left 1.



Algebraic Rule: \_\_\_\_\_