Math 3
Unit 2 Day 5 CW(1)
Use the rules of exponents or logarithms to find the value of x in each equation.
1.
$$(2^{12})^3 = 2^{2x}$$

 $\frac{1}{2^{12}} = \frac{1}{2^{12}}$
 $\frac{1}{2^{12}} = \frac$

- 20. If a scientist counts 50 bacteria in an experimental culture and observes that one hour later the count is up to 100 bacteria, the function $P(t) = 50(10^{0.3t})$ provides an exponential growth model that matches these data points.
 - a. Explain how you can be sure that P(0) = 50.
 - b. Show that P(1) = 100.
 - c. Use the given function to estimate the time when the bacteria population would be expected to reach 1,000,000.
 - i. Explain how to find the time by numerical or graph estimation.
 - ii. Explain how to find the time by using common logarithms and algebraic reasoning.

- 21. In a drop of pond water, there are 18 protozoa. Ten hours later, there are 180 protozoa in the dish. $P(t) = 18(10^{0.1t})$ provides an exponential growth model that matches these data points.
 - a. Use the given function to estimate the time when the bacteria population would be expected to reach 500,000.
 - iii. Explain how to find the time by numerical or graph estimation.
 - iv. Explain how to find the time by using common logarithms and algebraic reasoning.