Expected Value: the *weighted average* of possible values of a random variable, with weights given by their respective theoretical probabilities.

• The expected value informs about what to expect in an experiment "in the long run", after many trials.

A game gives payoffs of a_1 , a_2 , a_3 ,..., a_n with the probabilities p_1 , p_2 , p_3 ,..., p_n . The expected value (or expectation) E of this game is: $E = a_1p_1 + a_2p_2 + a_3p_3 + ... + a_np_n$

Example:

When you roll a die, you will be paid \$1 for odd number and \$2 for even number. Find the expected value of money you get for one roll of the die.

The sample space of the experiment is $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$.

The table illustrates the probability distribution for a single roll of a die and the amount that will be paid for each outcome.

Roll (X)	1	2	3	4	5	6
Probability	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$
Amount(\$)	1	2	1	2	1	2

Use the weighted average formula.

$$E(x) = \left(1 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(2 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(1 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(2 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(1 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(2 \cdot \frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{6}$$

$$= \frac{9}{6}$$

$$= 1.5$$

So, the expected value is \$1.50. In other words, on average, you get \$1.50 per roll.

NOTE! Expected value can be negative! A negative expected value indicates a negative payout (i.e. you're losing money!)

Ex 1: A coin is flipped. Heads, you win \$1. Tails, you lose \$1. What is the expected value of this game? A game whose expected winnings are \$0 is called a **fair game**.

Fairness : Occurs when the probability of winning is <i>equally as likely</i> (meaning you have the same chance of winning and losing) or when expected value is such that a player can "break even" (meaning that after playing a game numerous times, his returns will match what he pays to play the game, $E=0$)
Ex 2: Jane gets \$6 if a die shows a 6 and loses \$1 otherwise. What is her expectation?
Ex 3: A die is rolled. If the die shows a 1, 2, or 3 you get 10 points. If the die shows a 4 or a 5, you lose 13 points. If the die shows a 6, you lose 1 point. What is the expected value of this game?
Ex 4: In Monte Carlo, the game of roulette is played on a wheel with slots numbered 0, 1, 2,, 36. The wheel spun and a ball dropped on the wheel is equally likely to end up in any one of the slots. To play the game, you bet \$1 on any number. If the ball stops in your slot, you win \$36 (the \$1 you bet plus \$35). Find the expected value of this game.
Ex 5: A sweepstakes contest offers a first prize of one million dollars, a second prize of \$200,000, and a third prize of \$40,000. Suppose that three million people enter the contest and three names are selected randomly for the three prizes.
(a) What are the expected winnings of a person participating in this contest?
(b) Is it worth paying \$0.50 to enter this contest?

year.	Real Life Ex: A life insurance policy for a 40-year old woman will pay \$10,000 if she dies within 1 The policy costs \$300. Statistics (namely, mortality tables) indicate that the relative frequency of a arr old woman dying within 1 year is 0.02. What is the expected profit of this policy to the woman?
to pay	A game consists of drawing a card from a deck. You win \$13 if you draw an ace. What is a "fair price" to play this game? ("Fair price" implies the price at which the player will break even, or in other s, the price at which expectation is zero).
Unit 7	Day 5 HW
1.	A student plays the following game. He tossed three coins. If he gets exactly two heads he wins \$5. If he gets exactly one head he wins \$3. Otherwise, he loses \$2. On the average, how much should he win or lose per play of the game? (Use the word "win" or "lose" in your answer.
2.	A detective figures that he has a $\frac{1}{9}$ chance of recovering some stolen property. He works on a contingency plan. He gets his money if he recovers the property but he does not get his money if he does not recover the property. The investigation costs will be \$9000. How large should his fee be so that, on average, his fee will be covered?
3.	At Tucson Raceway Park, your horse, Stick-in-the-mud has a probably of $\frac{1}{20}$ of coming in first place, a probability of $\frac{1}{10}$ of coming in second, and a probability of $\frac{1}{4}$ of coming in third. First place wins \$4500, second place \$3500, and third place \$1500. It costs you \$1000 to enter the race. What is the expected value of the race to you? Is it worthwhile for you to enter the race? Explain.

4.	A social club has a drawing every Friday night. The probability of winning the first prize of \$100 is 0.002. The probability of winning the second prize of \$80 is 0.01. How much should the club charge for tickets to enter the drawing so that the club breaks even?
5.	You plan to invest in a certain project. There is a 35% chance that you will lose \$30,000, a 40% chance that you will break even, and a 25% chance that you will make \$55,000. What is the expected value in this problem, and what does it mean in terms of your investment?
6.	A game consists of tossing a coin twice. A player who tosses two of the same face wins \$1. How much should organizers charge to enter the game if they want to average \$1.00 profit per person?
7.	Consider a hat with pieces of paper inside. The papers are numbered as follows: 5 pieces with the number "1," 6 pieces with the number "7," and 9 pieces with the number "50." Find the expected value for drawing from this hat.
8.	"Wheel of Fortune" just got a new wheel! On it there are 6 slots worth \$200, 15 slots worth \$400, 2 slots worth \$600, 1 slot worth \$1000, 6 slots with no money, and 1 slot with a car worth \$20,000. What is the expected winnings on one turn(cash and prizes)?
9.	In a game, you roll a die. If you get a 1 or a 5, you would win \$5. If you roll a 4 you win \$15 and if you roll a 2, 3, or 6 you lose \$10. What is the expected value of one roll of the die?
10.	A raffle is held by the MSUM student association to draw for a \$1000 plasma television. Two thousand tickets are sold at \$1.00 each. Find the expected value of one ticket.

11.	A game consists of rolling a colored die with three red sides, two green sides, and one blue side. A roll of a red loses. A roll of green pays \$2.00. A roll of blue pays \$5.00. The charge to play the game is \$2.00. Would you play the game? Why or why not?
12.	A company believes it has a 40% chance of being successful on bidding a contract that yields a profit of \$30,000. Assume it costs \$5,000 in consultant fees to prepare the bid. What is the expected gain or loss for the company if it decides to bid on the contract?
13.	A department store wants to sell eight purses that cost the store \$40 each and 32 purses that cost the store \$10 each. If all purses are wrapped in forty identical boxes and if each customer picks a box randomly, find (a) each customer's expected value if a customer pays \$15 for a box
	(b) the department store's total expected profit (or loss) during this sale.
14.	Assume that the odds against a certain horse winning a race are 5 to 2. If a better wins \$14 when the horse wins, how much should the person bet to make the game "fair"?